SEC. 2 EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made by section 1 applies with respect to goods entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after the 15th day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) RETROACTIVE TREATMENT.—Notwithstanding section 514 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1514) or any other provision of law, upon a request filed with the Customs Service before the 90th day after the date of the enactment of this Act, any entry, or withdrawal from warehouse for consumption—

(1) which was made on or after January 1, 1996, and before the 15th day after the date of the enactment of this Act, and

(2) with respect to which there would have been a lesser duty if the amendment made by section 1 applied to such entry or withdrawal.

shall be liquidated or reliquidated as though such amendment applied to such entry or withdrawal.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 228

At the request of Mr. BRYAN, the name of the Senator from Michigan [Mr. Levin] was added as a cosponsor of S. 228, a bill to amend certain provisions of title 5, United States Code, relating to the treatment of Members of Congress and Congressional employees for retirement purposes.

S. 673

At the request of Mrs. Kassebaum, the name of the Senator from Kentucky [Mr. McConnell] was added as a cosponsor of S. 673, a bill to establish a youth development grant program, and for other purposes.

S. 691

At the request of Mr. Shelby, the name of the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. Helms] was added as a cosponsor of S. 691, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for coverage of early detection of prostate cancer and certain drug treatment services under part B of the Medicare program, to amend chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code, to provide for coverage of such early detection and treatment services under the programs of the Department of Veterans' Affairs, and to expand research and education programs of the National Institutes of Health and the Public Health Service relating to prostate cancer.

S. 1150

At the request of Mr. Santorum, the names of the Senator from Montana [Mr. Baucus] and the Senator from West Virginia [Mr. Byrd] were added as cosponsors of S. 1150, a bill to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the Marshall Plan and George Catlett Marshall.

S. 1418

At the request of Mr. PRESSLER, the name of the Senator from Arizona [Mr. KYL] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1418, a bill to provide for the more effective implementation of the prohibition against the payment to prisoners of supplemental security income bene-

fits under title XVI of the Social Security Act or monthly benefits under title II of such Act, and to deny such supplemental security income benefits for 10 years to a person found to have fraudulently obtained such benefits while in prison.

S. 1669

At the request of Mr. Lott the names of the Senator from Hawaii [Mr. AKAKA], the Senator from Maine [Mr. COHEN], the Senator from Delaware [Mr. ROTH], the Senator from Minnesota [Mr. WELLSTONE], and the Senator from Indiana [Mr. LUGAR] were added as cosponsors of S. 1669, a bill to name the Department of Veterans Affairs' medical center in Jackson, Mississippi, as the "G.V. (Sonny) Montgomery Department of Veterans Affairs' Medical Center."

S. 1735

At the request of Mr. PRESSLER, the name of the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. HELMS] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1735, a bill to establish the United States Tourism Organization as a nongovernmental entity for the purpose of promoting tourism in the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 3988

At the request of Mr. WELLSTONE, the names of the Senator from Maine [Mr. COHEN], the Senator from Pennsylvania [Mr. SANTORUM], and the Senator from Vermont [Mr. LEAHY] were added as cosponsors of amendment No. 3988 proposed to S. Con. Res. 57, an original concurrent resolution setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal years 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002.

SENATE RESOLUTION 255—TO HONOR ADM. JEREMY M. BOORDA

Mr. LOTT (for himself, Mr. Thur-MOND, Mr. NUNN, Mr. WARNER, Mr. COHEN, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. KEMPTHORNE, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr.COATS, Mr. SMITH, Mr. EXON, Mrs. HUTCHISON, Mr. McCain, Mr. Daschle, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. BRADLEY, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Bryan, Mr. Sar-BANES, Mr. DORGAN, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. SIMON, Mr. GRAHAM, Mrs. FEIN-STEIN, Mr. GLENN, Mr. REID, Mr. JOHN-STON, Mr. ROBB, Mr. INOUYE, Mr. KOHL, Mr. Ford, Mr. Kerrey, Mr. Dodd, Mr. BUMPERS, Mr. PELL, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. MOYNIHAN, Mr. KENNEDY, Mrs. Boxer, Mrs. Murray, and Ms. Moseley-Braun):

S. RES. 255

Whereas Admiral Jeremy M. "Mike" Boorda was the 25th Chief of Naval Operations.

Whereas as the Chief of Naval Operations, Admiral Boorda commanded the foremost Navy in the World;

Whereas Admiral Boorda's career in the Navy reflected his lifelong dedication to the United States and to the principles he held dear—duty, honor, and commitment;

Whereas Admiral Boorda is the only member of the Navy ever to rise from the lowest enlisted grade to the position of Chief of Naval Operations, and this rise gave him a

full and unique perspective on the opportunities and obligations of command;

Whereas this perspective instilled in Admiral Boorda an unwavering concern for the members of the Navy and their families;

Whereas as Commander-in-Chief of NATO forces in Southern Europe, Admiral Boorda ordered the first offensive use of deadly force in the history of NATO, an air strike in February 1994 against four Bosnian Serb aircraft flying in violation of a United Nations ban on such flights;

Whereas Admiral Boorda was a visionary in naval strategy who recognized that circumstances in the post-Cold War era made necessary a strategy that retained a forward presence for the Navy even as it recognized that future Navy operations would most likely occur in the littoral zones of the world:

Whereas this strategy, which Admiral Boorda called "Forward . . . From the Sea", will serve as the basis for Navy strategy well into the 21st century;

Whereas Admiral Boorda was a visionary in naval technology who spearheaded programs for the development of the arsenal ship, the new attack submarine, theater ballistic missile defense, and cooperative engagement capabilities;

Whereas these programs, and many others spearheaded by Admiral Boorda, put the Navy on the cutting edge of technology and did so in an efficient, affordable, flexible manner:

Whereas Admiral Boorda recognized the need for the Navy to develop a strategy for utilizing emerging technology effectively and developed in response to that need the plan known as "20/20 Vision", a long-range plan for the acquisition and utilization of technology in the future in order to achieve the strategic objectives of the United States; and

Whereas it is fitting that Admiral Boorda be remembered as he described Admiral Arleigh Burke when saying that ". . . he defined what it means to be a naval officer: relentless in combat, resourceful in command, and revered by his crews . . . He was, indeed, a sailor's sailor.": Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate honors Admiral Jeremy M. "Mike" Boorda for a career that included extraordinary contributions to the defense of the United States and a singular commitment to the members of the Navy and thereby exemplified all the best qualities in an officer in the United States Navy.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

LEVIN AMENDMENT NO. 4020

Mr. LEVIN proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 57) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal years 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following new section:

SEC. . SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF DRUG ABUSE.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) The National Institute on Drug Abuse (hereafter referred to in this section as "NIDA") a part of the National Institutes of Health (hereafter referred to in this section